The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,815—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1883.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, AND TRIESTE.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains	1883.
L. INDUS	3462 600	S. D. Shallard	..31st July.
— GWALIOR	3733 500	M. de Horne	..7th Aug.
L. SIAM	3041 500	E. Ashdown	..14th ,,
— VENETIA	3726 500	A. B. Daniell	..21st ,,
L. PEKIN	3260 600	A. Symons	..28th ,,
— SURAT	3142 530	C. R. Edwards	..4th Sept.
L. CATHAY	3263 5 0	W. M. Robbie	..11th ,,

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 2 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, and TRIESTE, by every Mail, and to MARSEILLES by every alternate Mail.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others, passengers change Vessels at Suez.

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	
ROONA	3128 600	J. B. Chapman	On 27th July.
PERSIAN	3283 400		..10th Aug.
DECCAN	3129 550	A. W. Adamson	..21th ,,
SUTLEJ	1191 750	A. H. Johnson	..7th Sept.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, July 14, 1883.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IN consequence of the QUARANTINE established at ALL CONTINENTAL PORTS, the MAILS are now being forwarded to LONDON VIA PLYMOUTH, and the passage of the Steamers will be ACCELERATED as much as possible. Until the Brindisi route is again available, passengers taking three monthly tickets will be allowed an extension of a fortnight, if required.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S UNITED COMPANIES

(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and *vice versa*.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class ..£ 500	Including	I Class ..£ 520	Including
II do..... 340	Wines.	II do..... 350	wines.
III do..... 150	With food.	III do..... 155	With food.

Children under 3 years, free; under 10 years, half fare. Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Bond-books.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other first-class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

MANILLA on Wednesday ..... 1st Aug. 1883.
CHINA on Saturday ..... 1st Sept. 1883.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo-harbour between 10 and 11 a.m.

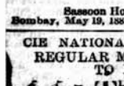
Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 3 days.

From Genoa, I Class Calais Route..£ 95 Brighton Route £ 10
,, ,, II do. do. ,, 70 do. ,, 8
From Naples, I do. do. ,, 145 do. ,, 10
,, ,, II do. do. ,, 105 do. ,, 12

For Head-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, May 19, 1883.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION. REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.



THE new first-class steamer CHOLON, 2,700 tons register, 450 horse-power, will leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 20th August next, carrying a Doctor and Stewardess.

Rates of Passage.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under three years of age free of charge.
,, over three and under eight ½ charge.
,, ,, eight and under twelve ¾ charge.

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows:—

Via Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe ..... 1st class ,, 5 15 1

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage ticket. For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st June, 1883.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
LEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500	550	28th July.
ARION	F. Mahorcich	3,500	550	28th Aug.
ORWARTS	F. Egger	2,394	450	28th Sept.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as after:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
O TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 450	Rs. 230	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX months at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
RIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

TEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	HP.	To sail.
ORWARTS	F. Egger	2,394	450	27th July

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

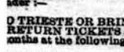
INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street, Bombay, July 1883.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.



THE following sailing has been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT, CALLING AT MALTA.

Steamers. Captains. Tons. HP.
MERTON HALL. Verrill 4,100 500

On or about 1st Aug.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 6, 1883.

THOMAS COOK AND SON, BOMBAY,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge

Commission, and issue tickets from all principal Railway Stations in India to Europe and all Parts of the World.

All particulars, and Pamphlet of routes with specially revised maps (post free 8 annas), may be obtained of

THOMAS COOK & SON, Hornby-row, Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY, GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

THOMAS GEORGE HARRY MONCREIFFE RETIRED from our Firm as and the 20th ultimo.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.

Bombay, 23rd July, 1883.

ORIENTAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Limited.

To be Registered under Act VI. of 1882, whereby the Liability of Members is strictly Limited to the Amount of their Shares.

CAPITAL Rs. 20,00,000.

IN 10,000 SHARES OF Rs. 200 EACH.

AMOUNT TO BE CALLED UP Rs. 50 PER SHARE.

Number of Shares have already been Privately Applied for.

THE Object of this Company is the Transaction of Fire Insurance business, under the influential Directorate of the Oriental Life Office. The Directors believe that, owing to the exceptionally good connections which have already been secured, a large Income will soon be obtained, and that the Investment will prove to be both safe and Profitable.

Applications for Prospectuses and Shares will be received by the Manager, D. M'LAUCHLAN LATER, F.I.A., at the Head Office of the Company, 9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, where the Memorandum and Articles of Association may be seen.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "BOOLDANA," 2,823 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 1st August, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Nagapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PUNJAUB," 1,080 tons, on MONDAY, 30th July, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE.

S.S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on FRIDAY, 27th July, 1883, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S.S "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on SATURDAY, 11th August, 1883.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 25th July, 1883. Agents.

NEW "THE IMPERMEABLE" PATENT.

WE [illegible] WATCH to be thoroughly water, and the[illegible]o dust-proof. May be kept going under water for a number of days without its taking the slightest injury. No watch sold unless tried under water for at least 2 days. A few of these Watches may be seen going completely under water at our establishment. The Watch is KEYLESS and in white metal case. Price Rs. 35 cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co., Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BASS'S BEER IN WOOD,

IMPORTED DIRECT FROM Messrs. BASS & Co.

SHIPMENTS of the above, specially selected from the finest brewings, are received fortnightly per mail-steamer.

Per Hogshead, Cash.....Rs. 78
Per Kilderkin, Cash..... 30

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED.

TREACHER'S CRICKET BALLS

are manufactured by a practical Kent Cricket Ball Maker, who enjoys the distinguished patronage of the leading Professional Players in England, and being bought first-hand are offered at a reduction from the usual rates. The FOUR-SEAMED Registered Match Balls are the best ever yet introduced.

	Cash.
Double-seamed Balls	Rs. 3 8
Treble-seamed Balls	,, 4 0
Four-seamed Balls, "Registered"	,, 4 8

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

FINE BORDEAUX CLARET,

Bottled, Capsuled, and Labelled under PRACTICAL EUROPEAN SUPERVISION at Treacher & Company's Wine Cellars, Byculla. Unquestionably the best value in India.

In cases of 1 dozen—Cash Rs. 10.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE SALE OF TREACHER & CO.'S RENOWNED BLENDED [illegible] ENLIVET WHISKY

CONTINUES, monthly to increase, and the Custom House returns show that it is fully equal to those of any other half-dozen brands of SCOTCH WHISKY imported into the Bombay Market.

Cash price per dozen Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

CHEAVIN'S
PATENT RAPID FILTERS,
The most efficient yet invented.

Domestic Filters, in Cream-Coloured Stoneware—	Cash price. Rs. a.
No. 000 Half gallon size ... Wicker covered ...	... 7 8
,, 00 One and a half gallon size ... Wicker covered ...	... 9 8
,, 0 Two and a half gallon size ... Wicker covered ...	... 12 8
,, 1 Three and a half gallon size ... Wicker covered ...	... 14 8
,, 2 Five gallon size ... Wicker covered ...	... 17 0
,, 3 Six ,, Wicker covered ...	... 20 8
	... 24 0
	... 27 0
	... 30 0
Ornamental Dining-room Filters, in Ironstone China, richly decorated and very handsome, 1½ gallons capacity ...	... 40 0
Refrigerator Filters, in Terra-cotta ware, which act with remarkable power as coolers, keeping the water deliciously cool ...	... 40 0

SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE MANAGEMENT of TEMPLE BAR having CHANGED HANDS, the Present Manager begs to announce to the Public that, with his past experience in Bombay, he is enabled to make the following great reductions without detriment to quality of articles supplied:—

BREAKFASTS.	TIFFINS.	DINNERS.
Rs. 0-12 0.	Rs. 1-0-0.	Rs. 1-8-0.

BOARDERS BY THE MONTH Rs. 40 ONLY.

The Manager hopes that his endeavours to meet a long and much felt want will be responded to by his numerous patrons and friends, more especially since he has sent for from Europe expressly for Temple Bar a string band consisting of nine Lady, and six Gentlemen, Musicians, all of acknowledged skill.

The entire arrangements have also been remodelled and the Manager has the pleasure to state that nothing but the best of everything will in future be the order of the day.

EDMUND FUCHS, Manager.

FOR SALE
AT
JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR,

A HANDSOME bay Arab PONY suitable for polo, very active, good action, height under 13 hands. Price Rs. 217.

A pair of well matched silver grey ARABS, perfectly quiet in double and single harness, aged. Price Rs. 750.

Two new Erdody CARTS, built by Windover and Company, of London.

Information regarding buying and selling horses, carriages, furniture, &c., &c., can be obtained from the Undersigned.

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

And a complete mitigator of Pain.

A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.

Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone or eminency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazaars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY
ESDUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Fir Market near Jumma Musjid.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—
H. W. JOHN'S ORIGINAL AMERICAN
ASBESTOS ROPE PACKING at Rs. 1-10 per lb.
ASBESTOS MILL BOARD ,, ,, 0-13 ,,
ASBESTOS PAINTS ,, ,, 3-0 per gallon.
WARDEN & Co.,
32, Meadow-street, Fort.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.—The HOUR for holding the Meeting of the Committee of the Calcutta International Exhibition has been ALTERED from FOUR o'clock p.m. on FRIDAY, the 27th instant, to FIVE o'clock the same day.

By order of the President,
J. GORDON,
Bombay, 25th July, 1883. Honorary Secretary.

BYCULLA CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

ICES, HAM, SANDWICHES,
PASTRY, COMFITS, COLD DRINKS,
NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES,
DRAUGHT BEER AND PORTER,
Fresh from the original casks,
WINES, SPIRITS, ALES, STOUT,
PROVISIONS AND OILMANSTORES.

GOLD PEN AND PENCIL-CASES,

By S. MORDAN & Co.

DOUBLE telescopic Calendar, Sliding Pen and Pencil-Cases, Folding Pencil, Knife and Rule.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART, BOMBAY,
A few paces from the *Times of India* Buildings.

NOTICE is hereby given that PURBHOO VENAYEK SHRICRISHNA, GUNPUTRAO SHRICRISHNA, and LUXMON SHRICRISHNA, respectively of Bombay, Hindoo inhabitants, have CONTRACTED to SELL all that piece or parcel of LAND, together with the messuages and tenements built thereon, situate at Malabar Hill, containing by admeasurement 367 square yards or thereabouts, known by the name of the late PURBHOO LUXMON GOVINDJEE'S DHURRUMSALLA, and bounded as follows:—On the north by the house of Shunker Ramchunder Punchkulsi, and by the public road, on the south by the vacant piece of ground of Shunvi Narrayen Crushna Naik, on the east by the public road, and on the west by the vacant piece of ground belonging to Bhut Kerroo Luxmon Chhutre. Any person or persons who have any claim or claims to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage or otherwise are required to make the same known in writing within 14 days from the date hereof to the undersigned at their office in 9, Church Gate-street, Fort. Otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference thereto.—Dated this 25th day of July, 1883.

JEFFERSON, BHAISHUNKER, & DINSHA.
Attorneys for the Purchaser, BHUGWANLAL INDURJEE.

JEFFRIES'
RACKET BALLS at Rs. 13 per gross.

BOLTON AND COMPANY.

ASHANTEE POCKET HAMMOCKS
Of the latest improvement,
Complete in neat Waterproof Cases,
Price Rs. 10 and Rs. 12 each.
AMERICAN HAMMOCKS at Rs. 5 each.

BOLTON AND COMPANY.

DOUBLE ACTION HOLBORN GARDEN PUMPS
Or Portable Fire Engines,
Polished brass, each Rs. 4-12.
Ditto ditto, brass large size, each Rs. 10.

BOLTON AND COMPANY.

POLO
CANES, with boxwood heads, each Rs. 2-12.
Balls, per dozen, Rs. 5-8.

BOLTON AND COMPANY.

QUOITS.
4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 6½, and 7 lbs. at Annas 11 per lb.

BOLTON AND COMPANY.

THE RAPID SHUTTLECOCK,
A NEW PARLOUR TOY.

The Rapid Shuttlecock owing to its great simplicity is beyond all that has been made till now.

It is more elegant than the Battledore, and besides has the advantage of being very attractive parlour toy. Either one person or several ones together may use it to play a Shuttlecock at cup and ball or to shoot at a target as the players may choose.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY.

COOPER AND COMPANY,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Academy Notes for 1883	0 12
American Peerless Detrospect of the English Language	3 4
Battle of the Moy	0 6
Braithwaite's Retrospect of Medicine, Jan. to June, 1883	4 4
But yet a Woman; by A. S. Hardy	0 10
Centrifugal Ventilating Machines; by A. L. Steavenson	3 4
English People in its Three Homes, and other Lectures; by E. A. Freeman	5 8
Folk-Tales of Bengal; by L. B. Day	3 0
Guardian and Lover; by Mrs. A. Fraser	1 4
Half-Hours with Famous Ambassadors; by G. B. Smith	4 12
Idol's Eye; by W. S. Hayward	1 4
In Time of War; by J. F. Cobb	2 4
Lewell Pastures; by R. M. Kettle	3 4
Life of Lorenzo De Medici; by W. Roscoe	2 4
Literary History of the Middle Ages; by J. Berington	2 4
Needlework and Cutting-out; by K. Stanley	2 4
Quarterly Army List (Bengal)	2 0
Do. do. (Bombay)	2 0
Do. do. (Madras)	4 0
Romance of the Coast; by J. Runciman	3 12
Serge Panine; or, Can You Blame Her? by G. Ohnet	2 4
Summer Number of All the Year Round	0 8
Do. do. Cassel's Family Magazine	0 8
Do. do. Girl's Own Paper	0 8
Do. do. Graphic	1 0
Do. do. Illustrated London News	1 0
Do. do. London Society	0 12
Sun's Pottery; or, What do We Owe to the Sun? by J. A. W. Oliver	0 10
Tales of the Slave Squadron; by Lt. Warneford	1 4
Tobersnorey	0 10
Wild Rose of Lough Gill; by P. G. Smyth	1 4
Without Beauty; by A. W. Chetwode	1 8
Autocrat of the Breakfast-table; by O. W. Holmes, Re. 1-4 and	0 10
Canoe and Saddle; by T. Winthrop	1 4
Cecil Dreeme; by T. Winthrop	1 4
Duties of Markers in Company Battalion, and Brigade; by W. D. Malton	0 6
Edwin Brothertoft; by T. Winthrop	1 4
Eight Years in Japan; by E. G. Holtham	5 12
Esoteric Buddhism; by A. P. Sinnett	4 12
Faust; by G. W. M. Reynolds	0 6
George Sand; by B. Thomas	2 4
Hearts are Trumps; by W. Russell	1 4
House of the Seven Gables; by N. Hawthorne	1 4
John Brent; by T. Winthrop	1 4
King of the Peak; by W. Bennet	3 12
Little Folks, vol. 17	3 4
Noble Words; by E. C. G. Murray	0 6
Roper's Catechism of Steam-Engines	5 12
Saucy Snacks and Solid Sense	0 12
Soldier's Wife; by G. W. M. Reynolds	0 6
Vegetable Materia Medica of Western India; by W. Dymock, Pt. II	2 0
Across Chryse: from Canton to Mandalay; by A. R. Colquhoun, 2 vols	26 4
Agricultural Chemical Analysis; by P. F. Frankland	4 12
At Home and in India, by J. W. Sherer	3 4
Beau Nash; by W. H. AinsWorth	0 10
Christ *versus* Krishna; by A. Sakes	3 0
College Days, Recorded in Blank Verse	3 4
Draining and Embanking; by J. Scott	1 0
For Wife and Child; by S. Lover	0 10
Happy Thoughts Hall; by F. C. Burnand	2 4
He that Will Not When He May; by Mrs. Oliphant	1 4
Historic Romance; by W. Andrews	3 4
Honorable Surrender; by M. Adams	0 10
In Strange Company; by J. Greenwood	1 4
King of the Beggars	0 10
Lettsomian Lectures; by A. E. Sansom	2 4
Love's Bliss and Sorrow	0 10
Lump of Chalk; by A. Watt	0 10
Macaulay's Warren Hastings	1 0
Near and Heavenly Horizons; by C. De Gasparin	0 10
Nile, Novel; by G. Fleming	1 4
Patty; by K. S. Macquoid	1 4
People I have Met; by E. C. Grenville-Murray	3 12
Poems and Ballads for Penny Readings; by Agra	1 8
Poems and Lyrics; by G. Meredith	3 12
Practical Jurisprudence; by E. C. Clark	5 12
Recollections of the Kabul Campaign; by J. Duke	9 8
Son of the Soil; by Mrs. Oliphant	1 4
Stray Hints on Lawn-tennis; by Nemo	0 6
Sylvian Despard's Revenge	1 4
Young Ladies' Journal. Vol. XXI.	4 12
Cut Diamonds; by E. Gubbins	0 6
Fragments in Prose and Verse; by A. Cazenove	0 6
Shakespeare Flora; by L. H. Grindon	3 12

NEW FRENCH NOVELS.

Aventures D'un Gamin de Paris; by L. Boussenards	2 4
C'est La Vie; by L. Depret	2 4
Deshonoree? by A. Sauliere	2 0
La Pfaffesse; by M. G. de Cherville	2 0
Le Collier D'Acier; by F. Du Boisgobey	2 4
Le Secret De Sabine; by H. Desnar	2 4
Les Fatalites; by H. Riviere	2 4
Parisiens et Parisiennes; by C. B. Marriott	2 4
C'Est La Vie; by L. Depret	2 4
Jean Mulhberg; by C. De Beaulieu	2 4
La Baigneuse De Brousse; by L. Hanoum	2 4
La Caissiere; by E. Daudet	2 0
Le Secret De Sabine; by H. Desnar	2 4
Sous Les Chenes Verts; by N. De Semenoco	2 4

COOPER & COMPANY,
BOMBAY: Meadow-street. POONA: East-street.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S EXHILARATING STILL HOCKS.

Cash. per dozen Quarts. Rs. as.				Cash. per doz. Pints. Rs. a
42 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	...Johannisberg ...	23 0
	The perfection of Hocks, highly aromatic flavour and deliciously soft to the taste.			
33 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	...Liebfraumilch ...	17 8
	A very fine full-bodied wine, rich in character and flavour.			
27 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	...Nierstein ...	14 8
	Very soft and good bouquet.			
23 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	...Hochheim ...	12 8
	A very agreeable dinner wine, soft, delicate, and fine.			
23 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	...Steinwein	
	Of great fragrance, pure and natural.			
20 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	... Geisenheim ...	11 0
	Good flavour and body, can be well recommended.			
17 0...	Still...	... HOCK ...	... Laubenheim ...	9 8
	A light dinner wine, sound, and adapted for general use.			

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA

CRAVATS, COLLARS, BRACES,

FITTED WITH THE MOST APPROVED FASTENINGS, &c.

Knot Scarfs, all the new Shapes and Colours	... ...	Rs. 2 0 to Rs. 3	0
Pin Scarfs, with renewing Knots, &c.	... ...	2 8 to 3	8
Made Bows, all Colours	... ...	1 0 to 2	4
French Braces	... ...	1 8 to 2	0
The New American Brace, Argosy	... ...	2 8 to 3	12
Three-fold Linen Collars, all the latest Shapes	... ...	6 12 per doz.	

CASH DISCOUNT—2 Annas in the Rupee = 12½ per cent.

HOAR & CO., {OPPOSITE ESPLANADE HOTEL,} BOMBAY.

TO

CHRISTY MINSTREL TROUPES.

BANJOS.
From Rs. 5 to Rs. 75.
Send for detailed list, Post free.

PICCOLOS.

	Rs. a.
Cocoawood, with six German-silver Keys and Rs. a. Slide Head, in D. or G. in Plush-lined Mahogany Box	... 20 0
Ebony ditto ditto in D. in Paper Box	... 10 0

FLAGEOLETS.

Cocoawood, in D. with Flute-head, six German-silver Keys and German-silver Tips, in Plush lined Mahogany Lock Box	... 25 0
Do. do. 2nd Quality	... 20 0
Brass Whistles...each Re. 0-8, 0-12, 1-0, 1-4, and	1 8
Nickel plated Whistles, each Rs. 2-4, 2-8, 3-4, and	3 8

NIGGER WIGS.

Each Rs. 4, Rs. 5, Rs. 6, and ...	... 7

NIGGER BONES.

Per set.	... 2 0
Ditto ditto Ebony	... 2 8
A substitute for Bones, the Distinct ...	... 1 8

TAMBOURINES,
WITH SCREWED PARCHMENT HEADS.

14 inches in diameter...	... 12 0
12 ,, ,, ...	... 9 0
11 ,, ,, ...	... 6 0
9 ,, ,, with tacked head ...	... 3 0
Do. Electro-plated metal hoop ...	... 10 0

CASTANETS.

Ebony, per set	... 2 8

TRIANGLES AND STRIKERS.

Rs. 4, Rs. 6, Rs. 8, and	... 12 0

GERMAN BELL ACCORDIONS.

At Rs. 15, Rs. 20, and	... 22 0

MODELS OF VIOLINS.

Stradaurius, Guernarius, Amati, &c., Rs. 25 to	...120 0
Each Violin is supplied with a bow and extra set of Strings, and a Box of Rosin, in Plush lined Blackwood Case complete.	
Model of Gasparo da Salo, Inlaid Back and Carved Head, with two Bows, &c., &c., in Velvet-lined Blackwood Case complete	... 75 0
Three-quarter sized Violins, complete with Bows and Cases ... ...at Rs. 25 and	35 0
Violin Strings, per set	... 1 8
Cheap Violins and Bow, not in cases, Rs. 25, Rs. 35, Rs. 45, and	

ENGLISH CONCERTINAS.

English Treble Solo Concertina, Double-action, with 48 Keys, Full Compass, G to C three Octaves:—

	Rs. a.
No. 1.—Mahogany Instrument in Black Case	...50 0
No. 2.—Mahogany Instrument, in Mahogany Box	... 65 0
No. 3.—Best finished Rosewood Instrument, the Keys bushed (*i.e.*, surrounded with cloth to prevent rattling), in Rosewood Box, an excellent Instrument	... 95 0
No. 4.—Best finished Rosewood Instrument, the keys bushed (*i.e.*, surrounded with cloth to prevent rattling), Metal Studs in Rosewood Box, an excellent Instrument	...120 0
No. 5.—Walnut Instrument with steel Vibrators, Brass bound in Walnut Brass bound Box	...200 0

ANGLO-GERMAN CONCERTINAS.

Mahogany Concertina, 20 keys, in Blackwood Lock Box	... 25 0
Rosewood Concertina, 20 keys, extra finish, in Mahogany Lock Box	... 35 0
Mahogany Concertina, 28 keys, in Mahogany Lock Box	... 40 0
Rosewood Concertina, 28 keys, in Mahogany Lock Box	... 45 0
Mahogany Concertina, 30 keys, in Mahogany Lock Box	... 45 0

FLUTES.

Concert Flute, in D., of Cocoawood, with 8 German-silver Keys and German-silver Tips, in lined Mahogany Lock Cases, Pratten's perfected mode by Boosey and Co.	...100 0
Do. do. (not by Boosey) with Silver lip plate	... 75 0
Do. do. without lip plate	... 64 0
Do. do.	... 54 0
Do. do. Foreign make in Box	25 0
Cheaper Flutes, without Case, each Re. 5, Rs. 10, Rs. 15, and	... 25 0

OUR NEW DETAILED CATALOGUE NOW READY, POST FREE.

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY,

21, ESPLANADE-ROAD.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS
OF THE
BOMBAY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

(TO BE REGISTERED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT OF 1882.)

CAPITAL, Rs. 12,00,000

Divided into 6,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each, with power to increase.
Issue of 5,250 A 8 per cent. Guaranteed Shares and 750 B Shares.

Rs. 25 payable on application; Rs. 75 on allotment; the balance—Rs. 50 within 3 months, and the remainder within 6 months after registration.

In the event of no allotment being made, the moneys paid on application will be returned in full.

The Eastern Electric Light and Power Company, Limited, London, guarantees for the period of three years from the date of registration of the Company, a Dividend of Eight per cent. per annum upon the first issue of 5,250 Shares.

The Dividend guaranteed is to be secured by a Deposit with the Bankers of the Company, in the names of the Honorary Trustees, of the whole of the concession money paid to the Eastern Electric Light and Power Company, Limited, together with the 750 B Shares.

DIRECTORS:

The Hon. SOLOMON DAVID SASSOON, (Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., and Member of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.)—Chairman.
NESSERWANJEE MANOCKJEE PETIT, Esq.
MAGNUS MOWAT, Esq. (Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart & Co.)
VUNDRAVUNDASS PURSHOTUMDASS, Esq.
FRANCIS DEW PARKER, Esq. (Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.)
JAIRAZBHOY PEERBHOY, Esq.
Major CHARLES HENRY STRUTT, R. A., (Managing Director, Eastern Electric Light and Power Company

HONORARY TRUSTEES OF THE GUARANTEE FUND:
FRANCIS DEW PARKER, Esq., and W. B. GURNEY LITTLEWOOD, Esq.

BANKERS:
THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

SOLICITORS:
Messrs. PRESCOT & WINTER.

AGENT:
JOHN MARSHALL, Esq.

CONSULTING ELECTRICIAN:
GEORGE ANNERSLY GRINDLE, Esq., M. S. T. E.

TEMPORARY OFFICES:
19, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

THIS Company is formed for the purpose of supplying Electricity in all its applications to light, motive power, &c., as also all articles connected therewith, throughout the Presidency of Bombay (exclusive of Scinde); the Native States subject thereto; with Baroda; the Berars; and the territories of Hyderabad. Also over the present systems and lines and future extensions of the Great Indian Peninsula, and Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railways.

It has secured the business, good-will, licenses, and contracts belonging to, or being negotiated for by, the Eastern Electric Light and Power Company, of London, within the limits abovementioned. As also the concessions for the exclusive right of using, licensing, and selling the plant and appliances pertaining to the various patents now belonging to the London Company.

These patents include the Brush Dynamo Machine and Arc Lamp and the Lane Fox Incandescent Lamp, the license for the use and sale of the Swan Incandescent Lamp, and supplies of storage batteries of the Sellon, Volckmar and Faure patents.

In Europe and America the admirable results both as regards efficiency and economy obtainable from these various systems are well known and are becoming daily more widely appreciated.

About 18,000 Brush Arc Lamps are ready in use in the United States alone, and they soon promise to be almost as extensively adopted

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 25.

PRICES of Rupee Paper and the East India Sterling Loan remain unaltered on the London Stock Exchange. Three per cent. Consols, however, have advanced to 99⅜ and French Rentes to 109½. In Lombard-street there is no change in Money. A payment of £100,000 is reported to have been made into the Bank of England.

In the General Produce Market Soft White Wheat No. 1 on the spot is quoted in Liverpool at 8s. 6d. per cental. No. 2, 8s. Prices of other descriptions of goods show very little change.

The Manchester Market continues quiet without any alteration in the prices of Goods or Yarns.

The Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday closed steady. Surats freely offered: arrivals quiet. Sales 8,000 bales, of which 800 bales Surats. Spot prices are unchanged. "Good fair" Tinnevelly, August-September shipment via Canal, is quoted at 4⅜d. There is no change whatever in the the New York Market for ready Middling-Uplands or "futures." The figures to date are given below :—

	1883.	1882.	1881.
Total receipts up to Monday	5,911,000	4,624,700	5,695,700
Tuesday's receipts	1,000	1,600	2,100
Total since 1st Sept.	5,912,000	4,626,300	5,701,300

MONEY.—At the Board meeting to-day the Directors of the Bank of Bombay reduced the rates of discount and interest one per cent. all round. The rate for demand loans is now six per cent.

EXCHANGE.—Bar Silver remains at 50⅜d. per oz., and shipments of £10,000 to Bombay and £10,000 to Calcutta are advised. According to Reuter six lakhs of telegraphic transfers on Bombay were taken up yesterday at 1s. 7 7-16d., and it is expected that this rate at least will be obtained for the biddings to-day; perhaps 1s. 32d. more. The market here has been firm, and for October-November delivery, demand paper might be had at 1s. 7¼d. In Calcutta, 1s. 7 13-32d. is the rate for telegraphic transfer, both ready and forward; six months Credits 1s. 7 15-16d.

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 7 15-32d.
Do. Telegraphic Transfer	1s. 7 13-32d.
Do. three months' sight	1s. 7 21-32d.
Credits, do. do.	1s. 7 23-32d.
France, do. do.	Fcs 2·08

GOVERNMENT PAPER quiet. Little or nothing doing. 4 per cents., Rs. 99 1-16; 4½ per cents., Rs. 103½.

SHARES.—Bank of Bombays have declined to Rs. 776. Port Cannings have also receded to Rs. 370. With the exception of some East India's which were sold at Rs. 1,370, there is very little doing in press shares. In Mill companies business is reported at slightly advanced rates in Dhurrumseys at Rs. 625; Empress at Rs. 852½; Hindostans at Rs. 1,145; Hydrabads at Rs. 1,245; Jewraz Balloos at Rs. 1,200; Khataos at Rs. 1,095; Morarjees at Rs. 1,515; New Great Eastern at Rs. 1,080; Orientals at Rs. 765; Sholapores at Rs. 1,050; Southern India's at Rs. 540; and Western Indias at Rs. 1,040. A few Bombay and Burmah Trading shares were placed at Rs. 3,830 for the original and Rs. 757½ for the second issue. There are sellers of Thacker and Company's shares at Rs. 175.

COTTON.—There is a better enquiry in the market to-day, and exporters have shown more willingness to operate than has been the case for some time past. Above a thousand bales, mainly of Julgaum Cotton, are reported to have changed hands. We quote :—

		per candy.
Machine-ginned Broach,		Rs. 175
Oomrawuttee,	Fine	..... none.
Do.	Good	..... ,, 161
Do.	F.G.	..... ,, 155
Do.	F.G.F.	..... ,, 149
Dholera	Fine	..... none.
Do.	F.G.	..... ,, 161
Do.	Good	..... ,, 155-156
Do.	F.G.F.	..... ,, 148-149
Bengal	Good	..... ,, 134
Western	Good	..... ,, 155
Do	F.G.F.	..... ,, 150
Dharwar Saw-ginned, Good		..... ,, 162-163
Comptа		140

LINSEED is quieter, and with a limited demand the price has fallen to Rs. 5-11 per cwt.

RAPESEED is firm, and as stocks on the spot are very small, prices have risen to Rs. 7-6 to Rs. 7-6½ per cwt. for Guzerat and Rs. 6-14 to Rs. 6-15 for Cawnpore.

WHEAT.—The enquiry has fallen off, and notwithstanding scanty stocks dealers have been obliged to reduce prices a little. We quote :—White Pessie No. 1, Rs. 33 to Rs. 34; Yellow, Rs. 28 to Rs. 28½; Luskari, Rs. 27 to Rs. 27½, and Catha, Rs. 26 per candy.

—The position of the market remains very little cargo offering. This state ever, cannot last long; on the restora- mmunication by the railways, produce ght to the port in quantity, and be taken of the same to secure pay- eight. Liverpool via Canal 15s. for d. to 20s. for Cotton.

—There is no change in the bazaar, ntinues slow, and prices are in favour buyers.

BANK OF BOMBAY RATES OF BUSINESS.

DISCOUNT CHARGED—			
On Government Bills	6	per cent.	per annum.
On Private Bills	8	do.	do.
INTEREST CHARGED—			
On Demand Loans on Government Securities, Port Trust Bonds, or Bullion	6	do.	do.
On Loans on Government Securities or Port Trust Bonds	6	do.	do.
On Loans on Goods, or Metals in Godown or on Port Trust Warrants	7	do	do.
On Cash Credits on Government Securities	6½	do.	do.
On Cash Credits on Goods, or Metals in Godown, or on Port Trust Warrants	8	do.	do.

July 25.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	55 pt.	776
Bank of Bengal	43,000	500	all	5 do.	865
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	4 do.	840
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£			
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	130
National Bank of India	37,330	250	12½	5 do.	96

LAND COMPANIES.

New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925 Rs.	25	810
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400 Rs.	13	370

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218 3-0	5 p.ct.	350
Do. New £20 shares..	..	£20	130 14-6	do.	25
Ditto	..	£20	65 7-3	do.	75
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do.	83
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co..	..	£100	1,000	do.	1,040
Do. New Shares..	161	£13	6-5-0	do.	315

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	600	90	1,425
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	547½
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	20,000	100	100	Rs. 7½	136
Alfred Manfg.	1,000	500	500	18p.c.	550
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld. ..	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 30	950
Bhowanee Jute Co. ..	15,000	100	100	..	61
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	1,045
Budneiram Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	..	500	..	400
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 30	740
Coorla Mills	800	50	1,000	Rs. 35	940
D. Spinning	2,000	all	all	Rs. 25	625
Empress S. & W. Co. ..	1,136	500	all	Rs. 25	852½
Do. New issue	..	125	Rs125	..	215
Golan Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	..	470
Gordon Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	770
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,145
Hydrabad Spinning Co.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,245
Imperial Cotton Mills Company	900	500	500	..	520
Jaffer Ali Spin.	600	500	500	Rs. 55	580
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,200
Kasseem Mills	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	950
Khatao Maikunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	1,095
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld.	3,500	100	100	..	125 xd
Madras United	850	1,000	1,000	150 p.a.	1,116
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	500	Rs. 35	950
Manockjee Petit	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 55	1,405
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	10 p. a.	257
Morarjee Gooculdas ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,515
National Spinning	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45	1,045
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	1,080
Oriental	4,000	625	62½	Rs. 20	765
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	3,000	400	400	Rs. 14	335
Prince of Wales Spinning Company..	1,800	500	50⅞	..	315
Rassoon R. & W. Co..	3,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,400
Sholapore Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,050
Soonderdas	750	900	1,000	Rs. 45	1,000
Southern India	600	600	Rs. 30	Rs. 20	540
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	875
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	1,040
People of India S. & W. Company	1,000	250	..	..	200
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,600	1,000	1,000	..	875

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	40	..	41
Bombay Saw Mills ..	100	2,000	1,000	Rs. 40	505
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1183	100	100	Rs. 5	118 / 107
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Do. New Shares ..	1,000	2,500 / 500	1,500 / 300	270 / ..	3,820 / 3,800
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	200	3,000	3,000	300	3,800
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct.	109
Cash Bazar	1,500	100	75	..	51
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	0	10	10 p.ct.	10
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	..	5	..	1/4
Kamatee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..	70
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co. ..	500	500	300	90 p. a.	300
Kemp & Co., Ld.	2,000	200	175	..	293
Mechanics' Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	20
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company..	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20½
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	280	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,400
Ripon Gold M. Co. Ld.	30,000 A	10	10	..	2½
Do.	1,000B	100	100	..	30
Soundy & Co. Ld.	1,000	100	all	14 p.ct.	135
Telephone Co., Ld.	12,900	25	25	Rs. 1	20½
Thacker & Co., Ld.	3,000	500	all	Rs. 110	1,120
Wyraad Gold Mining Co. Ld.	1,000	100	all	15	175
.....	20,000	..	25	..	nil.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship ŒNone, 1,437 tons, Captain S. Beale, will sail to-day for San Francisco, with a general cargo.

THE ship Dominion, 1,255 tons, Captain H. Thomas, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with a cargo of 42,001 maunds salt.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chindwara, 1,508 tons, Captain D. Campbell, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and 47 deck passengers.

THE B. & P. S. N. Co.'s steamer Mobile, 916 tons, Captain C. Doert, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf, with 126 cheats opium and general cargo, and six deck passengers.

THE steamer Malacca, 1,045 tons, Captain H. Sechcht, arrived in harbour yesterday from Zanzibar (16th July), with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col. F. Brine, Mr. Fleury, Mr. King, Mr. Charple, and 24 distressed seamen of the barque Minerva.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
25	Mobile (s)	Doert	Bussorah, July 12.
	Malacca (s)	Sechcht	Zanzibar, July 16.

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commander.	Destinations.
25	Dominion	Thomas	Calcutta.
	Chindwara (s)	Campbell ..	Calcutta, &c.

The ship ŒNone, Beale, to San Francisco, obtained her port-clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Mobile, to Kurrachee.
Steamer Thessaly, to Liverpool, &c.
Steamer Booldana, to Coast and Calcutta.
Steamer Punjaub, to Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July.
21 Madura (s)..... Wilson..... Singapore, July 5.
Calcutta (s)..... Mascon ..... Rangoon, July 11.
Merchantman ..... Mouriiyan ..Mauritius, June 21.

DEPARTURES.

July 20.—Steamers Ganges, Clan Graham, Madras. Lennox, City of Calcutta, Wingates and Japan. Ship Barbarossa. Barque Salazie.
July 21.—Steamers Culna and Bassein. Ship W. H. Corsar.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July.
22 Bhundara (s)..... ..... Calcutta.
Kaisar-i-Hind (s).. ..... London.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 25.

FROM GLASGOW.
Armenia s—1 cask whisky, Ewart, Latham and Co.
Hesperia s—1 punchion whisky, Treacher and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
Clan Grant s—16 bales paper, M. Bhagoobhoy; 10 bales paper, C. Premchund.
Thessaly s—194 bundles bar soap, Bell Brandenburg and Co.

FROM LONDON.
Bertha s—50 cases beer, Ewart, Latham and Co; 100 drums turpentine, A. Abdoolhoosein; 30 casks salamoniac and 50 kegs white lead, Cuma Rowjee; 10 bales paper, T. Mahamedally; 100 barrels pitch, Tyebjee Adomjee.
Ancona s—3 bales paper, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 3 packages books, &c, Cooper and Co; 7 packages books, stationery, &c., Thacker and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.
Toledo s—26 packages sheet glass, Sorabjee Nowrojee.

FROM VENICE.
Gwalior s—36 cases beads, E. Cadurbhoy.

FROM MARSEILLES.
Manilla s—8 cases wine, S. Hormusjee Bottlewalla.
Ancona s—2 cases saffron, A. C. Dady and Co.

FROM GENOA.
Manilla s—17 cases wine, Bolton and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.
Manilla s—620 cases wine and spirit, Treacher and Co; 50 cases brandy and 30 cases liquor, D. Cowasjee; 67 cases brandy, D. P. Batlia and Co; 100 cases brandy, D. R. Dady and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Merton Hall s—49 bales cotton, Toolseedass Morarjee; 101 bales cotton, Rs. 28 without Mills; 53 bales wool, Jadowjee Gocul; 50 bales rags, Pragjee Heerjee; 137½ cwts senna leaves, Nursee Narrian; 1,001 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.; 42 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co.; 100 cwts wheat, William Bell and Co.
Hesperia s—1,000½ cwts linseed, Lang Moir and Co.; 175 cwts coir yarn, Furmoojee Dewjee.
Armenia s—289 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.; 102 bales cotton fly, the C. I. S. W. Co.; 612 cwts wheat, Mooljee Jeewraj; 1,000 cwts wheat, William Bell and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Goa s—14 bales hides, Woonrbhoy Chandabhoy; 1,262½ cwts sandalwood, Vanmalee Jewar.

FOR HAVRE.
Guy Mannering s—3,750 cwts wheat, and 1,500 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Inchulva s—200 cwts blood stones, Volkart Brothers.

FOR FALMOUTH.
Moel Rhovan, 1,500 cwts linseed, Wallace and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.
Clan Munroe s—480 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.
Sandal s—4,500 cwts linseed, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR VENICE.
Medusa s—720 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapatty; 400 cwts castorseed and 225 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers; 1,500 cwts castorseed, A. Blaschcek and Co.

FOR GENOA.
Manilla s—100 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Manilla s—868 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.
Medusa s—100 bales cotton, A. Blaschcek and Co.

FOR KOBE.
Ancona s—220 bales twist, John Fleming and Co; 25 bales twist, Benn Ashley and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.
Ancona s—100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.
Vorwaerts —40 bales twist, Jadowjee Doongersee; 57 bales twist, Tata and Co; 20 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co.
Ancona s—200 cwts sandalwood, Davekaran Amerchund; 10 cwts myrabolam, Cullianbhoy Gangjee; 2 bales cotton, Samuldass Sadoosing; 138 bales cotton, Davecuran Raucouver; 65 bales cotton, Dowuttram Tricoleedass; 1 bales grey longcloth and 9 bales twist, Eleman Noordin and Co; 25 bales twist, Rehemoobhoy Habibbhoy; 25 bales twist, Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy; 62 chests opium, N. J. Abrahams; 30 bales twist, E. D. Moolchund; 30 bales T. cloth and 200 bales, twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 6 bundles ivory, Jairambhoy Peerbhoy; 60 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 158 chests opium, the B. P. S. N. Co; 20 chests opium, the P. & O. Co; 35 chests opium, S. N. Talaty and Co; 6 chests opium, F. N. Postwalla; 5 chests opium, L. P. Talaty; 39 chests opium, Tata and Co; 13 chests opium, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 10 chests opium, S. Abrahm.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Ancona s—35 chests opium, N. J. Abrahm and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 24th July, 1883.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·675
Temperature of the Air	81·1
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·9
Dew Point.....	76·3
Relative humidity of Air.....	86
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 8).	7·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.) ...	85·3
Minimum do. do. read at 10 a.m.)..	77·9
General Direction of Wind*	W, WSW, W, WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	550
Fall of Rain*	0·24
Total fall during the month	39·29
,, year	39·39
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of the 25th ..	0·14

* From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT—JULY 26.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)
Suit for hearing and final disposal.
Long Cause.

29-81—Jefferson, B. and D.—C. A. Turner vs. Haji Beebee and others—Craigie, L. and O.—Part heard.

Further directions and costs.

520-80—Bomanji and H.—Murarji Poonja vs. Cooverji Ludha and another—Hore, C. and B.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice LATHAM.)
For Judgment.

275-82—J. C. Cama—Rose de Souza vs. S. J. Pais.—Payne and G.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

494-81—Tyabji and D.—Jayshunker Mahadew vs. Mungjee and others—Skipsey and W.—Part heard.

357-82—Payne and G.—Tricumdas Nathoo vs. Ruttonji Bomanji—Petonji K.

320-82—Payne and G.—Bhugwandas Bhugia vs. James Mackintosh and others—Petonji K.

29-82—H. M. Sayani—Mahomed Hajee Ahmed vs Damodhur Moorarjee and another—Tyabjee and D.

395-82—Janardhen G.—Balkrishna Bhiwajee Nakwa vs Dewjee Govind and another.

404-82—Janardhen G.—Pestonjee Jamsedjee Doctor vs Framjee Cowasjee Mehta—Pestonjee K.

528-81—Tyabjee and D.—Khudiabeebee and others vs Jetha Dewjee and others—Crawford and B.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

310-82—M. H. Khan—Haridase Odhowjee vs Sakobai—In person.

154-81—Payne and G.—Noor Mahomed Hajee Essa and others vs. Halimabai and another—Macfarlane and S.

313-82—Macfarlane and E.—Pandurung Jesoba Sungirri vs. Balla Mungesh Wagle and another—Shapurjee and Co.

327-82—Smith and F.—Dhunjee Mowjee vs. J. F. Sleeman —Chaik and W.

342-82—Payne and G.—C. A. Turner vs. Framji Cursetji Javari.—Nanu and H.

Petition for hearing.

In the matter of the Trustees and Mortgagees' Powers Act, being Act 28 of 1866, and in the matter of the last Will and Testament of Ardaseer Hormarjee, deceased —Chalk and W.—Hormarjee Ardaseer Hormarjee and another vs. Meherbai and others—Cleveland, L. and N.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.—JULY 24.

Ferguson, Surg., on duty, from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 24.

Skene, Major, 33rd Bengal N. I., on leave, to England.

July 25.

Ferguson, Surg., on duty, to Kaira.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS
By Lt.-Col. the Hon. L. H. BAYLEY, Commandant,
B. V. R. C.
Bombay, July 26.

The usual monthly Regimental Committee Meeting will be held at Head-quarters this day, Thursday, the 26th instant, at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

Members are requested to send their helmets to the Regimental Tailors (Messrs. Nansee Khyraz and Co., Meadow-street, Fort), to have a hook put on, so as to hold the chin-chain.

Members requiring prospectuses of the Central Rifle Meeting are requested to send in their names to Head-quarters not later than Saturday next, the 28th instant. Applications sent in after the above date cannot be attended to.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON,
Capt. and Adjt., B.V.R.C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(Gazette of India.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. R. L. Mangles, V. C., is permitted to resign H. M.'s B. C. S., from 29th March.

Mr. J. Simson, Barrister-at-Law, is permitted to resign H. M.'s B. C. S., from 15th July.

Mr. L. A. S. Porter, of the B. C. S., having obtained a Degree of Honour in Persian in the 1st Div., has been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 4,000.

Mr. H. A. D. Phillips, of the B. C. S. having obtained a Degree of Honour in Bengali in the 1st Div., has been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 2,000.

The Rev. William Ellison, M. A., a Jr. Chap. on the Bengal (Lahore) Establt., reported his arrival at Kurrachee on 7th inst.

Mr. E. Murray, Sch-Assist. Consvr. of Forests in the Punjab, is appointed to officiate as an Assist. Consvr. of Forests of the 3rd Grade, from 1st July.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. C. J. B. H. Dressner, B. S. C., Sqdn. Officer and Offg. Sqdn. Commdr., 2nd Regt. Central India Horse, is appointed to officiate as Cant. Magis. of Nowgong, from the date of assuming charge, vice Capt. J. B. Lynch, and during the absence on furlough of Maj. R. G. E. Dalrymple, or until further orders.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Staff Corps.—The undermentioned officers, appointed by the Secy. of State probationers for the Indian S. C., are placed at the disposal of the Govts. of Madras and Bombay, in view to their appointment to the S. C. of those Presidencies respectively, from the date of their arrival in India :—

Madras.—Lieut. J. Thornhill, Derbyshire Regt., and Lieut. A. Y. Ansell, Welsh Regt.

Bombay.—Lieut. A. T. F. Edwards, Royal Irish Regt.

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal S.C., from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India :—Lieut. Hugh O'Donnell, South Wales Borderers, Wing Officer, 44th N. I., from 25th May 1880.

Ordnance Department.—Maj.-Genl. N. G. Campbell, R.A., Inspr.-Genl. of Ordance, having been promoted to the rank of Lieut.-Genl., the tenure of his appointment is extended to the 31st Dec. 1883 subject to the approval of the Secy. of State for India.

Punjab Frontier Force—2nd Punjab Cavalry.—Lieut. W. W. Norman, Border Regt., a candidate for the B.S.C., to officiate as Sqdn. Officer, on probation, from 29th June.

2nd Punjab Infantry.—Lieut. H. A. Browning, East Lancashire Regt., a candidate for the B.S.C., to officiate as Wing Officer, on probation, from 21st June.

Hyderabad Contingent—No. 2 Field Battery,—Lieut. W. A. Urquhart, Subaltern No. 1 Field Battery, to officiate as Comdt., vice Lieut. A. H. F. Turner and during the absence on furlough of Capt. C. M. Smith, or until further orders,—20th Feb.

No. 3 Field Battery.—Lieut. A. H. P. Turner, Subaltern and Offg. Commdt., No. 2 Field Battery, to be Comdt., vice Maj. R. F. Cambier, who has vacated on promotion, 23rd Jan.

Lieut. E. U. Marrett, Offg. Subaltern, to be Subaltern, vice Lieut. A. H. P. Turner, promoted 23rd Jan.

Furlough and Leave.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—Maj. W. B. Birch, R.S.C., and Offg. Supdt., Offg. Depy. Supdt., Port Blair and the Nicobars, (p.a.), for 1 year and 296 days; Surg. D. P. Macdonald, M. D. (p. a.), for 1 year and 182 days; Lieut. S. C. F. Pelle., B.S.C., Sub-Assist. Commy.-Genl., 2nd Class, is granted leave in India (p. a.), for 90 days, from 14th May.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Right Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India :—Maj. J. E. Campbell, B.S.C. (m. c.), for 3 months; Maj. E. H. Steel, B.S.C. (p. a.) for 10 days.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Maj. R. P. Tickell, R. E., Exec. Engr., 1st Grade, N. W. P. and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as Superintending Engr. during the absence on privilege leave of Maj. C. W. I. Harrison, R.E.

SURVEY OF INDIA—REVENUE BRANCH.

Mr. H. Dowman, Surveyor, 4th Grade, is allowed privilege leave for two months.

AGENTS, GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Capt. E. D. F. Bignell, Adjt. Malwa Bheel Corps, is granted privilege leave for 3 months from 15th July.

Mr. T. Knight, Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade, is appointed Offg. Exec. Engr., Gwalior Div.

PUNJAUB GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Punjab Government Gazette.)

The Rev. W. C. Furneaux, M.A., Chap. of Lahore, has been granted 3 months' privilege leave, from July 14.

The Rev. H. W. Griffith, M.A., Chap. of Delhi, is transferred to Lahore, and appointed to officiate as Chap. of that station during the absence on leave of the Rev. W. C. Furneaux.

The Rev. W. Ellison, M.A., who has been appointed a Jr. Chap. on the Bengal (Lahore) Ecclesiastical Estabt., is appointed to officiate as Cant. and Chap. of Meean Meer during the absence on leave of Rev. W. A. Duke, from such date as he may assume charge of his duties at Meean Meer.

The Rev. L. C. Carlyon, M.A., of the Cambridge Mission, Delhi, is appointed to officiate as Chap. of that station, vice the Rev. H. W. Griffith, transferred.

The leave granted in P. O. dated 18th June to Maj. H. R. L. Morgan, is cancelled at his request.

The leave granted to Lieut E. B. J. Vaughan, in P. O. dated 22nd March, is cancelled at his request.

The following appointments are made with the sanction of the Govt. of India :—

2nd Punjab Cavalry.—Lieut-Col. T.O. Underwood, Offg. 2nd-in-Command, 5th Punjab Cav., to be Offg. 2nd-in-Command, vice Lieut-Col. J. H. Broome, on leave.

3rd Punjab Infantry.—Maj J. D. Macpherson, 2nd Sqdn. Commdr., to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, during the absence on furlough of Lieut-Col. W. C. Anderson. Capt. C. Egerton, 3rd Sqdn. Commdr., to officiate as 2nd Sqdn. Commdr., vice Maj. Macpherson. Capt. C. G. Mansel, Sqdn. Officer, to officiate as 3rd Sqdn. Commdr, vice Capt. Egerton.

The following officers are granted leave of absence to study the Native languages :—Lieut T. Jermyn, 1st Battalion, The Boyal Irish Regt. (attached to the 2nd Sikh Infy, on probation) to Murree and Rawalpindi, from 8th July 1883 to 7th Jan. 1884.

Lieut. C. C. Reid, 1st Battanon, East Lancashire Regt. (attached to the 4th Sikh Infy., on probation), to Simla and Rawalpindi, from 8th July 1883 to 3rd Jan. 1884.

The following orders are confirmed :—No. 1 Mountain Buttery Order, dated 16th June, making the following temporary appointment consequent on the departure of Maj. H. R. S. Morgan, Commdt. on leave :—Capt. J. C. Shirres, R.A., attached, to officiate as Commdt.

Corps of Guides, Queen's Own.—Regimental Order, dated 3rd July, making the following temporary appointments consequent on the departure of Lieut. M. C. Cooke-Collis on leave, from 1st idem :—Lieut. G. J. Younghusband, Sqdn. Officer, to officiate as Quarter-Master, in addition to his other duties.

The temporary promotion of Mr. P. S. McGowan to Exec. Engr., 4th Grade, from 7th April as notified in this Dept. Notification dated 4th June is hereby cancelled.

Mr. H. L. Hebbert, Assist. Engr., is promoted to Exec. Engr., 4th grade (temporary rank), from 1st June, vice Mr. Benton, Exec. Engr., who has proceeded on furlough.

Mr. W. A. Bagley, Assist. Engr., 2nd Grade, attached to the Mooltan Provincial Div., will hold charge of that Div. during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Murray, Exec. Engr.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily,
,, ,, ,, Overland Summary,
,, ,, ,, Weekly Budget,
,, ,, ,, Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide;
Maclean's Guide to Bombay,

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER and Co.'s Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO. OF BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER.

SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurttemberg, Germany,
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A FRESH CONSIGNMENT of these celebrated Instruments HAS ARRIVED by Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. S. VERWAERTS and are being tuned by our man from the Factory.

SCHIEDMAYER and *SOEHNE'S* PIANO DEPOT, ESPLANADE-ROAD, OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER.

AN EARLY INSPECTION SOLICITED.

Prices &c. &c. &c. &c.
Prices as previously advised, on the two years system.

Plain square Piano.....	Rs.	33	per month	or Rs.	750
Sympathetic square	,,	36	,,	or ,,	825
Semi-grand, on three legs ,,		6	,, ,,	or ,,	1,375

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
C. MARCKS & Co.,
Sole Agents.

SPECTACLES *V.* BLINDNESS.

SPECTACLES can only be perfectly adjusted by those having a thorough knowledge of the anatomy of the eye, combined with optical experience. We have the highest medical authorities, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection employed by the mere vendor, is the cause of most cases of blindness and defective vision. MESSRS. LAWRENCE AND MAYO, Consulting Oculists' Opticians, personally adapt their IMPROVED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, at their Offices, Rampart-row, above Soundy and Co., Bombay, and East-street, Poona, daily (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 5. Pamphlet and Price-list free on application.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

MACPHERSON—July 23, at 6, Sloane Terrace, London, S. W., the wife of Duncan Macpherson, Captain, Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter. (By telegram.)

MARRIAGE.

VESEY-FITZGERALD—BELCLU

...RAMS.

...EGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

...OM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 25.

...t to-day's Council the Bill to give power to re...ince the Bombay port dues was passed, after the following amendment had been made in the enacting clause of the Bill, namely, for "and not less than two annas per ton" was substituted "not exceeding four annas per ton."

The Burmah Local Self-Government Bill was referred to a Select Committee.

The Council adjourned for a fortnight.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE SUEZ CANAL AGREEMENT.

LONDON, JULY 25.

Mr. Gladstone, replying to a question in the House of Commons last night, said that the monopoly of M. de Lesseps to construct a second canal had never been admitted by Her Majesty's Government, and that the country was in no wise bound by the legal opinions which had been expressed in connection therewith.

Sir Stafford Northcote then moved that in all future negotiations the monopoly of M. de Lesseps should be repudiated by the British Government.

THE TENANTS' COMPENSATION BILL.

The House of Commons last evening passed through Committee the Tenants' Compensation Bill.

MR. ILBERT'S BILL.

Earl Kimberley has consented to receive a deputation to-morrow to protest against Mr. Ilbert's Criminal Procedure Bill.

THE MAHARAJAH DHULEEP SING.

Mr. Cross, replying to a question in the House of Commons, said that the Maharaja Dhuleep Sing will shortly visit India, and that the movements of His Highness when there must be regulated by the Secretary of State for India in accordance with instructions from the Viceroy.

CHOLERA IN EGYPT.

CAIRO, JULY 24.

Four deaths from cholera have occurred amongst the British troops here. The troops are moving to healthier stations.

ALEXANDRIA, JULY 24.

The Sanitary Commission here have declined the proposal to institute permanent sanitary measures on vessels arriving from Bombay.

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, JULY 25.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Venetia, with the outward English mails of the 13th inst., left here for Bombay at 11 o'clock last night, and the same Company's s.s. Shannon, for Colombo and Calcutta, at the same hour.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, JULY 24.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Bokhara arrived here from Bombay this morning.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Ethiopia, outward bound for Kurrachee, Bombay, and Malabar Coast, left here this afternoon.

PORT SAID, JULY 24.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

COLOMBO, JULY 25.

French mail steamer Tibre, from Calcutta, arrived.

LONDON, JULY 25.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats fresh offered.

The London Cotton market has been steady.

Fair Dholleras ..... 3½d.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

Tbs. Shirtings 5-3

8lbs. do. 6-3

40's Mule Twist 0-0½

4 per cent. Rupee Paper 70½

4½ per cent. 89

3 per cent. Consols for account 99½

3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 102½

4½ per cent. French Rentes 109½

Bar Silver ..... 50d.

The sum of about £100,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

Arrivals—Athabasca, Red Sea, and Rampor.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(JULY 25.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY, NIGHT, July 24.

10 p.m. ..... 80·1

WEDNESDAY, July 25.

6 a.m. ..... 79·0

10 a.m. ..... 81·1

2 p.m. ..... 85·1

4 p.m. ..... 84·7

THE MAILS.

THE P. and O. Company have received a telegram stating that the s.s. Thames, which left Bombay on 17th instant, arrived at Aden at 2 p.m., on Tuesday. Another telegram from Suez states that the s.s. Bokhara, which sailed from Bombay on the 19th, arrived at Suez Tuesday morning.

The Resident at Aden telegraphs to the Bombay Government:—"At request of P. & O. Agent, mail-steamer from Bombay to Suez undergoes voluntary quarantine while at this port. I have authorized Port Surgeon to note fact of non-communication in bills of health in such case, and Post Master to ship mails fumigated and packed in tarred bags. * * *"

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday reduced its rates of interest and discount one per cent. all round.

MR. A. M. LINDSAY acts as Agent for the Bank of Bengal at Bombay, during the absence on leave of Mr. Slater.

A COMPARATIVE report of the height of water in the Vehar and Tulsi lakes, for the week ended on July 20, shows that on that date there were 60 feet 40 cents. of water in Vehar and 48 feet 54 cents. in Tulsi, as compared with 51 feet and 44 feet 74 cents. respectively on July 21 last year. The rainfall gauged to the same date was 56 inches 11 cents. at Vehar and 62 inches 13 cents. at Tulsi as compared with 41 inches 18 cents. at Vehar and 54 inches 68 cents. last year.

THIRTY-THREE wrecked seamen of the American barque Minerva, 32 Portuguese, and 1 American, arrived here yesterday by the Sultan of Zanzibar's steamer Malacca. Their ship was wrecked at Pemba, and they found their way to Zanzibar in the boats.

MR. L. A. S. PORTER, Bengal Civil Service, has been awarded the authorised donation of Rs. 4,000 on obtaining a Degree of Honour in Persian. Another Bengal Civilian, Mr. H. A. D. Phillips, has been awarded Rs. 4,000 on obtaining a Degree of Honour in Bengali.

Two projects are afoot for starting cotton mills in Bangalore. Mr. James Scott and Mr. Alcock, of Bombay, are the promoters of a "Maharajah of Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company Limited," towards the proposed capital (4½ lakhs) of which upwards of two lakhs have already been subscribed. The Mysore Government, it is stated, have promised the promoters liberal support, and agreed to make a free grant of a site for the proposed mill. The object of the company is to erect and work a cotton spinning and weaving mill either in Bangalore or some other town in the Province. The rival project is promoted by Mr. Sabapathy Moodaliar, of the firm of Harvey and Co., of Bellary, supported by some native gentlemen of this station, and is proposed to be floated with local capital, the amount to be raised being fixed at 8 lakhs of rupees. The local *Post* considers that it would be a mistake to be "over-sanguine as to the possibility of raising eight lakhs of capital in this Province for the purposes of commercial speculations in any locally untried line of business," and is of opinion, moreover, that Bangalore will not bring grist to two cotton mills worked by rival companies.

AMONG the European officials in Bengal who, at the request of the Government, have sent in their opinions regarding the Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Bill, there is, the *Englishman* asserts, a majority of one only in favour of passing it. "The native officials consulted are divided in their opinions. We cannot say with certainty which side has the majority, but we believe the difference is not very great either way, and, if we are rightly informed, one of the strongest opinions against the Bill is that of a native officer who, if it were passed, would receive the extended jurisdiction it would confer."

AN order has been issued in the Jail Department, North-West Provinces, directing that, in the future, the rates to be charged for such goods as are still permitted to be manufactured and sold to the public shall be fixed on a fair commercial basis. The prices may be regulated in the following way:—to include (1) the cost of material; (2) the price of the price which the labour would cost if a free skilled artisan working full free working hours, and paid at full free rates, were to manufacture the article; (3) five per cent. for wear and tear of plant, though no allowance is made for the cost of supervision by superintendents and jail officials, a charge which would correspond to the cost of management—a heavy item—in a private concern; (4) an addition of 25 per cent. on all for profits. In no case, however, must the market be undersold, though, if higher rates can be obtained, they may be accepted.

ACCORDING to the *Indian Daily News*, opinions have recently been expressed in various quarters, to the effect that the Civil Service element should be introduced more largely into the Postal Department, and that the post of Deputy Postmaster-General of the several circles should be held by junior members of the Covenanted Civil Service.

"A PRIVATE letter from a distinguished man, received by us (*Reis and Rayyet*) by the last mail from Europe, contains the following remarks, which cannot fail to be read with interest at this time. The anecdote of Sir Auckland Colvin has acquired importance from his appointment to succeed Major Baring:—

"My small experience of India has led me to take a profound interest in the country and its people, and to appreciate the capacity of such men as Salar Jung and Madhava Rao in the highest work of government, but I am sorry to say our general knowledge of the greatest Empire ever given to an alien race to rule for good has not been warmed by the breath of sympathy, without which the finest administrative talents are as hollow brass and tinkling cymbals. As I wrote in 1858-9, 'If England loses India it will be from want of sympathy with its people.' I am not sufficiently versed in the merits of the controversy over the Bill which has caused so much heat to express an opinion, but I confess I have so much faith in Lord Ripon's sense of justice that I would be inclined *primâ facie* to support any measure to facilitate, if all the dogs of war in the mofussil and all the powers of opiumdom and indigodom were ranged against it. I asked Sir Auckland Colvin his opinion and he said, 'I am sure that had I remained in India I should have been against the Bill, but as I am removed from local influences and look at the question from Cairo, I confess it seems to me a salutary or a justifiable measure.' So far there are perils in advance and in retreat, and perhaps it would have been the safest course if the Government had waited a little longer till some good case appeared for the reform or extension of the jurisdiction of Native Magistrates. * * * I have a fervent faith in the force which Justice gives a state, and the repose and security which can and must be enjoyed by every Empire whose rulers obey the command 'Be just and fear not.'"

THE *Englishman* complains that "a feeling of irritation, not unnatural in the light of recent experience, is growing up at the silence of the Government of India regarding the result of the official opinions on the Criminal Jurisdiction Bill;" and suggests that "the Government of India will do wisely to allay it by publishing the reports as soon as possible." Seeing that, as the Calcutta agitator says itself, the public expect to have the *ipsissima verba* of the documents given to them, and will not be satisfied with an official summary, the *Englishman* is just a little impatient. There has not been time yet to get the blue-book printed.

A SPECIAL telegram from London, dated July 21, to the *Englishman* says:—Lord Kimberley has consented to receive the deputation against the Ilbert Bill appointed under the resolution passed by the meeting at St. James's Hall, on Thursday, the 26th, at a quarter to two o'clock. We receive the same information to-day from Reuter.

SIR JAMES LONGDEN left Colombo by the s. s. Rome, on the 10th instant. His Excellency had made arrangements to leave by the French mail-steamer on the 11th instant, but owing to the receipt of the intelligence of the enforcement of quarantine at Mediterranean ports he suddenly changed his arrangements and left by P. & O. steamer. The *Ceylon Observer* says:—Except officials, there were very few Europeans present to bid Sir James farewell, and there was something appropriate in this "flitting" by night as a close to his rule in our colony. During the afternoon of Monday (9th instant) a deputation of Sinhalese (select but few) waited on the Governor to bid him farewell, but this has been the solitary event of the kind, and can scarcely make up to Sir James for the want of expressions of regret from the community at large at his departure. On the afternoon of the 10th instant Sir John Douglas was sworn in as Acting Governor, and Mr. Ravenscroft as Colonial Secretary, and Mr. R. W. D. Moir as Acting Auditor-General.

THE following is the official summary of the Agricultural Department's reports on the state of the weather and prospects of the crops throughout India, for the week ended on July 17:—

Heavy rain fell during the past week along the Western Ghats from Travancore [illegible] north as Bandora. At Baroda the river overflowed its [illegible] some communication and damaging [illegible]reak is much wanted in Surat and [illegible]. In Sind prospects are improving [illegible] of the river. Seasonable weather [illegible] Carnatic, but in parts of Mysore [illegible]hern Mahratta Country more rain is needed. General, and in most places sufficient, rain has fallen throughout the Berars, the Central Provinces, and Bengal. To the latter, showers in Marwar continue empty and water is scarce, but the recent rain has much improved prospects. The rainfall has been generally less in Assam and Burma, and slightly increased in Bengal compared with the previous week. More rain is, however, required in some districts of Bengal for the rice crop. In the Central Provinces there has been heavy rain at Jubulpore, and the weather continues generally favourable to agricultural operations. Rain fell during the week throughout the North-Western Provinces and Punjab, but in most districts it has been slight and insufficient. The latest weekly telegrams report rain from most stations, except in the north of the Punjab. There is hardly any change to record in agricultural operations. Harvesting is going on in Madras and Mysore, transplanting of rice on the western coast and throughout Bengal, Assam, and Burma. In parts of Bengal and Assam it is retarded for want of sufficient rain. Early rice and jute are being gathered in some districts of the former province. Ploughing and sowing for the kharif are approaching completion in Bombay, the Berars, and Central Provinces, and are in general progress in Northern India, although delayed in parts by insufficient rain. Young locusts are appearing in the Deccan districts and form an increasing source of danger to the young crops. Some destruction has been caused in Baroda by floods. In Orissa the damage apprehended from excessive rain has proved slight and partial. The public health is generally good, but the mortality from cholera is still severe in two districts of the Bombay Presidency. Prices show a further rise in the North-Western Provinces.

THE following frontier news has reached Lahore:—"The Shinwaris have sent a Jirgah to the Ameer. News has come from Lalpura that some men on the frontier—Shinwaris, possibly—have attacked and looted the Ameer's dak, wounding the runners. The Khan of Lalpura is endeavouring to find and arrest the offenders."

MAJOR WACE, the Director of Agriculture in the Punjab, has been requested by Government to arrange for having samples of the different classes of wheat, that are recognized by the English trade, placed in each tahsil of the wheat-producing districts; so that the cultivators may see what kind of grain is most in demand. The Punjab Government also suggested that it might be advantageous for Deputy Commissioners of these districts to consult the chief mercantile firms exporting grain, and the most intelligent agriculturists, as to how the impediments to the growth of the wheat trade, noticed in the Punjab Resolution, might be remedied.

INFORMATION has been received in Calcutta that the Secretary of State has sanctioned the scheme of Appellate Benches for Bengal lately submitted for his approval. For the present four such benches will be constituted,—one at Alipore; one at Hooghly; one at Dacca, and a fourth at Patna. Each of these benches will be presided over by two judges, one of whom will be a covenanted civilian, and one a native selected from the Uncovenanted Judicial Service. Should the scheme be found to work satisfactorily, seven more benches will be constituted hereafter. A Bill to provide for the new scheme will be introduced into the Council as soon as possible after the return of the Government from Simla.

A GREAT decrease has taken place in the consumption of rum and beer in this country by the European soldiers, with a corresponding spread of sobriety among the rank and file. Curiously enough while rum has lost much of its popularity in the canteen, beer has not taken its place: our boy-soldiers are really very moderate drinkers indeed. Thus in the year 1877-78 the total consumption of rum among British troops in India was 253,254 gallons; in 1881-82 it had fallen to 149,801 gallons. Comparing the same years as regards beer-drinking, we find that the figures are respectively 76,942 and 74,748 hogsheads.

THE *Straits Times* reports a narrow escape from a serious accident at Singapore. On the 27th of June the spire of the R. C. Church of the "Good Shepherd" gave way, and went crashing through the roof into the building. Service was just over. A little while before some hundreds of human beings were in the building.

A PANAMA telegram, dated the 16th ult., states that a rebellion has broken out in Ecuador. At Guayaquil robberies are frequently committed by the soldiery, and the people shut themselves up in their houses, leaving the streets deserted. Skirmishes occur daily, but with no other result than the loss of a few lives. Alfara and Sarasti, the rebel leaders, are determined not to attack in such a manner as to imperil the safety of the city.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore* in *every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed." Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers every where at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE number of European troops located in the hills in the Bengal Presidency for the summer of 1883 is 9,016 men, 601 women, and 1,245 children. Last year there were 9,630 men, 684 women, and 1,405 children.

THE London correspondent of the Lahore paper says it will be noted with pleasure by his many friends in the Punjab that Major G. W. Smith, 85th Light Infantry, late Brigade Major at Peshawur, and Assistant Adjutant-General with the Peshawur Valley Field Force in 1878-79, has been appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-master-General to the North British district. "As Major Smith has not gone through the Staff College course, there will, doubtless, be a growl from disappointed P. S. C. men; but the appointment has been made on strong recommendations, and will prove to be an excellent one."

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, July 24.—The slight depression noticed over Gya on Sunday, and over Allahabad yesterday, still lies over the latter station, but appears to be slightly filling up elsewhere. The changes are unimportant. The wind shows a feeble circulation round the disturbance, blowing from north at Lucknow, from west at Sultna, and from south elsewhere; it has about the normal direction. The weather remains fine and dry in the Punjab, and cloudy but dry in Sind, Guzerat, &c. Elsewhere the rain is moderate and general, but is deficient over the Punjab. Rain to-day:—Lucknow, Mangalore, and Mercara, 3 inches; Jubbulpore, Pachmarhi, Akyab, and Moulmein, 2 inches; Silchar, Darjeeling, Hazaribagh, Seoni, Sutna, Rutnagherry, Goa, Belgaum, and Cochin, 1 inch; Sibsagar, Dacca, Chittagong, Saugor, Secunderabad, Wellington, Bangalore, and Rangoon, over ½ inch. Previously, Jaunpore, Sutna, and Calicut had 3 inches; Hamirpore, 2 inches; Naini Tal, Cawnpore, Fyzabad, Dinagepore, Rajahmundry, Silchar, and Pachmari, 1 inch; Jhansi, Seoni, Rutnagherry, Bhagulpore, and Prome, ½ inch.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

July.	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla. In. cts.
Previously regtd..	53 15	54 91	51 68	58 24
24 Tuesday	0 24	.....	.....	.....
25 Wednesday	.....	0 75	1 0	1 08
Total	53 39	55 69	52 68	59 32
Corresponding date last year	53 37	62 09	53 84	62 60

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort Esplanade, and Byculla are made up to 6 p. m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

(25TH JULY, 1883.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast and Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office:—

STATIONS.	Barometer, Reduced to 32° F. and Sea level. At 10 a.m.	Reading at 10 a.m.	Thermometer in shade.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Mean Velocity.	Rain fall.
	Ins.	Degs.			Miles.	Ins.
Kurrachee ..	29·551	85·5		W S W	28	0·00
Surat	·697	82·5		S W	31	0·00
Bombay	·769	81·7		W	24	0·35
Ratnagherry	·831	80·8		W S W	17	1·08
Karwar	·852	80·6		S W moderate.	..	0·46
Mangalore ..	·927	76·0		W	1	0·59
Calicut	·934	77·6		calm.	3	0·33
Cochin	·942	82·1		W S W	..	0·25
Masulipatam	·708	87·8		W N W	10	0·13
Madras.....	·791	85·6		W	9	0·00
Negapatam ..	·811	86·2		S W	4	0·00

DISTRESSED SEAMEN OF THE AMERICAN BARQUE MINERVA.

THE s. s. Malacca, which arrived yesterday from Zanzibar, brought twenty-four distressed seamen of the American barque Minerva, which was wrecked last month on the reefs to the north end of Pemba, 115 miles from Zanzibar. The following narrative of the wreck is furnished by John Devlin, an American seaman, the only man among the crew who speaks English:—

"The barque Minerva, 337 tons, Captain Thomson, left New Bedford, America, on the 14th February, 1881, bound for sperm whaling in the Atlantic Ocean, the Indian Ocean, the West Islands, &c. She cruised on the coast of England, the Seychelle Islands off Madagascar, and thence arrived at Zanzibar for letters and shipments of sails, clothing, &c., that were sent out from America. We laid in port there about a week. We started from Zanzibar and made for the reefs to the north end of Pemba, about ten miles off, being 115 miles from Zanzibar. About 9-30 o'clock one night we struck fast on the reefs, which were not marked on the vessel's chart. We worked all night, throwing overboard the cargo to lighten the ship with a view to get her off, but without success. Next morning we put out the kedge anchor to see if we could do anything to haul the ship away, but with no better success than before. At 2 p.m. the next day we cast the anchor, and left the ship with sorrowful hearts. All the four boats were lowered, which accommodated the whole of the crew, consisting, besides the captain, an American, of 23 Portuguese, and one American seaman (John Devlin). We were about 5 days at sea in the boats. We took an Arab pilot at Pemba to show us the way to Zanzibar. We reached Zanzibar in about 36 hours. There the American Consul took charge of us and provided for our wants. We stayed there 25 days, during which five of the men were suffering from fever. We shipped four men on board the telegraph steamer at Zanzibar, and five were taken on board the Anne Reed, which left for New York. Captain Thomson left Zanzibar on the 15th inst. to go direct to Hayti, and thence to America. The remaining twenty-four men started from Zanzibar on the 16th inst. by the s.s. Malacca, arriving here about noon to-day. We have all lost everything except a few clothes. We were pretty well treated on board the Malacca, considering the circumstances. Mr. Farnham, the American Consul at Bombay, paid the captain of the Malacca Rs. 240 for our diet money during the voyage to Bombay. The wreck of the Minerva, as she lay on the reefs, was sold at Zanzibar by public auction on the 9th inst., and was knocked down to an Arab merchant for 2,700 dollars."

SURAT FLOOD RELIEF FUND, 1883.

WE have been requested to announce that His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Junaghur has subscribed Rs. 500, and his Wazir, Bhawoodeenbhai Hashumbhai, Rs. 200, to the above fund, through Mr. Mansukhram Suoorjuram. His Highness the Maharaja of Durbhunga has intimated his desire, through H. E. the Governor of Bombay, to subscribe Rs. 1,000.

THE following sums have been paid to the credit of the fund account to date:—

	Rs. as.
Amount previously acknowledged ..	.. 68,682 11
Amounts paid on the 24th instant:—	
The employees of the Prince of Wales S. and W. Co., Limited	301 0
Messrs. Dadabhoy Jehangir Dadysett's sons ..	100 0
Mr. Ghellabhai Haridas	100 0
" Dadabhoy Nowrojee Bottlewala ..	100 0
" Jamsodjee Dhunjeebhoy Wadia ..	50 0
" Dinshaw Hormusjee Bottlewala ..	25 0
The establishment of the Presidency Pay Office ..	21 0
Mr. Withoba Kanojee Waknees	20 0
Six children of a Parsee	18 0
Messrs. Dossabhoy Merwanjee and Co. ..	15 0
Mr. Nanjee Canjee	10 0
Both Zoroastrian Shegaon	5 0
Mr. Eduljee Rustomjee Reporter	5 0
Total ..	Rs. 69,452 11

NOWROZJEE FURDOONJEE,
DAMODERDAS TAPIDAS,
SHANTARAM NARAYEN,
VIJBHOOCANDAS ATMARAM,
Honorary Secretaries.

Bombay, 25th July, 1883.

Subscribers to the fund and the public are requested to pay their subscriptions to the Bank of Bombay.

THE TOWN COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the Town Council was held in the Municipal Offices yesterday, the following members being present: Sir Frank Souter (Chairman), Lieutenant-Colonel Merewether, Captain Morland, Dr. Blanc, Mr. Peterson, Mr. Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, Mr. R. N. Khote, Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mr. M. N. Banajee, and Mr. R. M. Sayani.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST CHOLERA.

The following letter from the Municipal Commissioner was submitted:—

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 23rd July, 1883.

Sir,—Considering the somewhat enhanced incidence of cholera during the past week and the mortality from cholera at points having communication with this city (during the last two days a severe outbreak has been reported in a locality and at a point within a short distance of Bombay), and further considering the alarm with which deaths from cholera on this side of India are regarded in Western ports having communication with Bombay, and the possibility of burdens being imposed which may now possibly be avoided by prompt measures, I consider it my duty to ask the Town Council to sanction the employment of seven medical men one for each section, the city being divided for sanitary organization and administration into seven sections, and the opening of a special hospital or hospitals as necessity may arise. A very small hospital only may be necessary, or, under less favourable conditions, a number of hospitals. The hospital accommodation will be regulated according to necessity. It is obvious that if the cholera is not to be allowed to spread, it must be met at once in its first beginnings. Delay may be fatal. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) T. S. WEIR,
Acting Municipal Commissioner.

The Acting Commissioner said he had very few remarks to make in addition to what he had said in his letter. Looking at the statements made in the European papers in regard to cholera, and looking also at the prevalence of the disease in Bombay, he thought it was his duty to come before the Town Council and make the recommendations with the object of checking its spread. The state of cholera in the city was not as yet very serious. Last week the number of deaths was 97, but this week it was only 49. In one case, the number being 49. He quoted from the *Bombay Gazette* in regard to what was being done with the object of breaking down the epidemic in Egypt, and when Town Council met he had the recommendations with Dr. Blanc and Dr. Carter in regard to cholera in Bombay, he had considered it his duty to recommend the Council to take the measures indicated in his letter with the object of checking the further spread of the disease. If they carried out those measures, he thought the Town Council would have done their duty to the utmost. The duties of the medical gentlemen whom he recommended to be appointed would be to treat the patients, and, if they were not properly accommodated, to provide accommodation for them. The chances of contagion were not, he said, so great that it was necessary to remove every person suffering from the disease. Replying to Mr. Nowrozjee, the Acting Commissioner said it was desirable, for reasons of humanity, to have several hospitals rather than one central hospital, as to be within easy reach of the patients. And in reply to Mr. Peterson, the Acting Commissioner said it was proposed to provide for the expense of carrying out the measures proposed by a transfer under section 36 of the Municipal Act, it being a case of necessity.

Dr. Blanc said he was very glad to support the recommendations made by the Commissioner. It was absolutely requisite, he said, that steps should be taken to arrest a possible spread of an epidemic of cholera, which they had foreseen for some time, and which, unless promptly arrested, might cause much misery and suffering. Referring to what had appeared in the *Bombay Gazette* in regard to cholera in Egypt, he said he had had a conversation the other day with one of the High Court judges, who had been to Egypt. That gentleman had informed him that the house in question, in the face of an epidemic of cholera, was too dreadful to contemplate. The people had no sanitary arrangements, and no proper water-supply. It was entirely owing to the Khedive that they were relieved, and the long-continued absence of rain, that the organic matter could be decomposed without being objectionable to human life. When an epidemic occurred, it was quite impossible to arrest its progress unless very strong measures were taken. In Bombay, he believed, they had begun work at the wrong end. A long time ago, he said, it had been shown by himself and other members that cholera was imported into Bombay, and that it was in regard to the shipping in the harbour that more precautions and more care should be taken. He would not recommend or advise that the extreme quarantine regulations which were being adopted in semi-civilised countries should be adopted in this country; but he would recommend that the precautions which had been recommended by the Privy Council at home, and which were being carried out in English ports, should be carried out in Bombay. On the arrival of a vessel, the passengers would be examined, and, if found healthy, would be permitted to go their own way. Should a case of cholera be discovered, the ship would be disinfected, and kept out of the way of other ships. Similar precautionary measures would be applied to ships in Bombay waters, not imposing hardship or interfering with the trade or interests of any body. However diversified might be the opinions held by medical men as to the origin of cholera, they almost unanimously acknowledged that it could not spread except by human intercourse. Cholera existed or did not exist. If an individual, on landing from a ship in which there might be cholera did not have cholera himself, he would be innocuous. They knew that there was a period of incubation, but if at the end of ten days cholera did not show itself the chances of an individual being attacked were so small and so very remote that he might be let free without any risk. The arrangement to keep ships in quarantine for three weeks was ridiculous. With reference to whether cholera was epidemic or not, he said that the difference between its being epidemic and non-epidemic did not depend upon the cholera itself, but upon the circumstances in which it was placed. A seed, when placed in circumstances favourable for its reception would grow; when the ground was not so prepared the seed would perish. Similarly, with regard to cholera. Owing to improved ventilation and drainage, cholera found it more difficult to get a foothold in Bombay now than in former days. If they carried further these sanitary measures, if they placed more money at the disposal of the Health Department for the scavenging and drainage of places, they would not have a thousandth in Bombay any more than in any other part of the world. A few insolated cases might, perhaps, be imported, but there being no food, no pabulum, for the disease, it would die out. He would suggest that the medical men to be appointed should, he said, be two-fold—they should look after the actual cases of cholera, and should report on the sanitary condition and the defects of localities in the wards to which they would be appointed. Without wishing to make any reflection or attach blame to anybody, he said that measures should be adopted for removing dirt and garbage from the streets. Except in Rampart-row, and a few other streets Bombay was clean, and should be made cleaner. If the Health Department wanted more money to carry on the work, more money should be voted, and if they wanted more men and bullocks for the removal of the dirt they also should be supplied. He thought that with a disease like cholera in India, which was more fatal than at home, it would be well if in each section there was some plot of ground not surrounded too close by habitations, so as to allow of ventilation, where the discharges of the cholera patients could be properly disposed of. The danger consisted in absorbing into the stomach or lungs some of the discharges which came from men during sickness. In the great majority of cases, cholera spread by drinking water. That was the reason why there had been so little cholera in Bombay since the Vehar water had come into the town. They should impress upon the people the great danger they ran by drinking well water at this present time. No well water should be drunk at all. People attending patients ran little risk of infection, provided that all the discharges were received in vessels containing disinfecting powders, and afterwards destroyed—not buried, but burnt. There would be no spread of cholera if they adopted these precautions and avoided drinking well water. With these measures there should, he said, be greater activity in scavenging the by-streets and open spaces of the Municipal Commissioner of the Corporation and the Town Council should visit the different wards with the object of impressing on the people the importance of cleanliness in guarding against the disease. The people would have a Ganpatti festivals and clean their houses, cleaning away all refuse and dirt. The small expenditure which they were now asked to sanction would be more than amply repaid if some lives were saved, and it, as they hoped it would be, the progress of the epidemic with which they were threatened could be arrested.

Mr. Nowrozjee said he had great pleasure in supporting the recommendation, as it was necessary that the establishment of a sanitary Pay Office at the present juncture in order to check the progress of the disease. They were experimental measures which would cost the city very little, but which, he trusted, would be the result in great good. He spoke highly of the qualifications of the gentleman whose name had been placed first on the list in the Commissioner's letter, and said that he had been in England for eight or nine years, perfecting himself in the knowledge of medicine and surgery. He also approved of the other selections, and he had no doubt that under the charge of Dr. Macdonald the temporary hospital would ably fulfil its mission. He hoped that the new Health Officer would be able to report to the Council on the subject. He entirely concurred with what Dr. Blanc had said in reference to the removal of filth, rubbish, and cutchra from the lines and streets, and he had for a long time been of opinion that it was necessary for the health department to put forth their best efforts with a view of keeping the city in a state of cleanliness. If the sum which they now proposed to vote were not sufficient, he for one would be prepared to vote a larger sum.

Mr. Nanabhoy directed attention to the fact that Dr. DeSouza was a member of the Corporation, and that he could not accept employment under the Corporation without losing his seat. If he were prepared to give his services gratuitously, of course he would not have to vacate his seat.

Mr. Geary remarked that there was no doubt that Dr. DeSouza, as a native gentleman of education, was disqualified from accepting the appointment, and instanced a case in point which occurred some three or four years ago.

Captain Morland said that with regard to the inspection of ships on their arrival, the measures which Dr. Blanc recommended were in force in Bombay. They had very stringent rules in cases of cholera epidemic, but there was no establishment sufficient for the purpose of having a proper inspection of all the vessels arriving in the harbour. The Health Officer resided at a very great distance, and it was a matter of impossibility that he should inspect all the native craft which generally imported cholera into this city. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Peterson said it was proposed to ask the medical men who were to be appointed, to go about and get the distress into ship-shape order. The Town Council to sanction the employment of seven medical men one for each section, the city being divided for sanitary organization and administration into seven sections, and the opening of a special hospital or hospitals as necessity may arise. A very small hospital only may be necessary, or, under less favourable conditions, a number of hospitals. The hospital accommodation will be regulated according to necessity. It is obvious that if the cholera is not to be allowed to spread, it must be met at once in its first beginnings. Delay may be fatal. He thought that with a disease like cholera in India, which was more fatal than at home, it would be well if in each section there was some plot of ground not surrounded too close by habitations, so as to allow of ventilation, where the discharges of the cholera patients could be properly disposed of. The danger consisted in absorbing into the stomach or lungs some of the discharges which came from men during sickness. In the great majority of cases, cholera spread by drinking water. That was the reason why there had been so little cholera in Bombay since the Vehar water had come into the town. They should impress upon the people the great danger they ran by drinking well water at this present time. No well water should be drunk at all. People attending patients ran little risk of infection, provided that all the discharges were received in vessels containing disinfecting powders, and afterwards destroyed—not buried, but burnt. There would be no spread of cholera if they adopted these precautions and avoided drinking well water. With these measures there should, he said, be greater activity in scavenging the by-streets and open spaces of the Municipal Commissioner of the Corporation and the Town Council should visit the different wards with the object of impressing on the people the importance of cleanliness in guarding against the disease. The people would have a Ganpatti festivals and clean their houses, cleaning away all refuse and dirt. The small expenditure which they were now asked to sanction would be more than amply repaid if some lives were saved, and it, as they hoped it would be, the progress of the epidemic with which they were threatened could be arrested.

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doing which passed between us, I can't forget. We can deny before man, but we will not be able to deny before a just God, who knows every one's secret thoughts. "I really can't make out how this sudden change could have taken place, unless there is some one trying their utmost to do so; but, Servilo, would your conscience allow you to do me wrong, you who not long ago expressed your love for me, and even said "I will not ruin you?" But now you are on the way to it. The way you treated us that day in presence of your brothers and others at the Sanitarium, you made them believe that it was my parents or myself who went in your way, but ask your conscience, or take a day's leave, and I will speak out everything to you if you have forgotten. Very cruel of you, Servilo, to treat me so unkindly without giving you any cause or reason. It's nine days now I am at Viegas's house, and this is because I can't look at my poor parents' face. What a change has taken place, what a gloom it has thrown in my house since your last treatment not only towards me, but my old aged father! Once again I ask you, in the name of the Almighty, to open out your mind and intention. In a word, you can tell your brothers and others that you can't break your promise, and to leave you alone. God has given us all an understanding to do what is right. Let me ask you not to take offence, but send me a reply. My father and brother told me long ago to write to you and get a reply; but thinking you would reply to Viegas's letter, I delayed, and Viegas too was disappointed. Simon must have gone to give you some good advice. Oh, I wish they would leave you alone. Now, Servilo, I am not able to write any more; only I wish to bring to your memory the past and present, and send me a reply as soon as you can. With kind regards from all to self, accept the same from me, your affectionate

ROSE.

Colaba, 30th May, 1882.

To Mr. C. P. de Souza.

Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 25th inst., I beg to inform you that I am exceedingly surprised at the contents thereof. You are aware that, during the negotiations in this matter, it was distinctly understood that the contract of marriage was to be carried out, and marriage was to be performed, only if my mother consented to, and approved, the same. Now, however, my mother objects to this proposed union, and I have already intimated that the condition on which the contract was expressly made having failed, I considered the contract at an end. I hereby again inform you that I consider the contract as at an end, as my mother does not consent to the intended marriage. I may add that the age of your sister was misrepresented to me, she being considerably older, as I now find, than she said she was. If after this explanation, you proceed to take any steps against me as threatened, it will be at your own risk; and I have instructed my attorneys to defend the same at your cost.—Yours, &c.,

S. PAIS.

The plaintiff and her father, J. F. de Souza, formerly an apothecary, now a coach proprietor, were examined in support of the allegations contained in the plaint. The plaintiff said that in 1878 the defendant proposed marriage to her. While in Afghanistan, he wrote letters to her, and sent her his savings, which she deposited in the Savings Bank in his name. They were put by for marriage expenses. Defendant sent her a goldmohur and a ring from Afghanistan through Mr. Viegas, her brother-in-law. Defendant, on his return from Afghanistan, went to Khandalla. He went to see her before going to Khandalla. She noticed no change in him then: he was affectionate. It was untrue that there was any condition to the promise to marry her. Defendant never said anything to her about any condition. She was 27 years of age, and defendant was 26. During her engagement to defendant three other persons of her community made proposals for her hand. The first of them was employed in the Dockyard; the second in the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital; and the third in the Surgeon General's Office. She refused their offers, because she was engaged to defendant.

The plaintiff's father said he finally heard of the engagement before the defendant left for Afghanistan. Before that the defendant used to visit his house and speak to his daughter and correspond with her. He promised that, when he returned from Afghanistan, he would marry his daughter. There was no condition as to his mother's consent. He said nothing about it. Witness knew the defendant was big enough to do it for himself. They had made all preparations for the marriage. Witness promised to pay Rs. 3,000 in money and in clothes. They had purchased canvas and poultry for the marriage feast. (Laughter.)

This was the plaintiff's case.

The Judge told the defendant to make out his case as to the condition.

The defendant said the promise to marry was made in 1880, on condition that his mother gave her consent. He wrote affectionate letters to the plaintiff. He never wrote to her about the consent. It was always verbally mentioned. He did not recollect whether either she or he wrote about the condition. Defendant gave further evidence in corroboration of the allegations made in his written statement. The defendant said he had no witnesses to call.

Mr. Inverarity briefly addressed the court on behalf of the plaintiff. Her evidence was materially corroborated by her father and the defendant's admission that the condition was never mentioned in writing. The girl's father said he had made all preparations for the marriage, and purchased poultry and canvas.

His lordship took time to consider his decision.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.—JULY 25.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

His lordship among other matters were heard [illegible] ship :—

RE HASSUM DADA.

Mr. Budroodin applied for four [illegible] serve notices and proceed with the [illegible] insolvent hoped, however, to settle [illegible] rs by the payment of four annas in [illegible] months' time was granted, the [illegible] directed to inform the Official [illegible] how the compromise was going on.

RE PURSHOTUM GOVINDJEE.

[illegible] the insolvent, moved for a postponement, as the schedule had to be amended. Mr. Budroodin, for a creditor, opposed the application; and after some discussion the matter was postponed till the 5th September next.

RE HURRICHUND, SADASHEV RATHE.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, moved absolute the rule *nisi* for the withdrawal of the petition and schedule. The application was granted.

RE SAVITRIBAI, WIDOW.

Mr. Dhairyavan applied for an interim order and leave to amend the schedule. Insolvent had been put into jail in respect of a debt incurred by her as security for another person. Most of the debts had been incurred by her as security for third parties. The application was granted.

RE BHAWOO DADOBA TALPADE.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, applied for an interim order. On the Commissioner remarking that the insolvent had twice before got the benefit of the Act, the learned counsel explained that that was a long time ago, namely, in 1853 and 1861. He was now obliged to come to the court in respect of a sum of Rs. 3,000, borrowed from Marwarees, on which he was paying interest at 24 per cent. per annum, and had already paid about Rs. 4,000. All the principal had been paid off, but the interest was still running. He had had to pay a call of Rs. 1,000 of the London, Bombay, and Mediterranean Bank; and in consequence of his wife's illness, he had incurred expenses amounting to Rs. 1,200. He himself was an old man of 57 years, a Government pensioner; and his eye-sight was defective. The application was granted.

RE PATRICK CHRYSTAL.

The insolvent, who lately carried on business under the name of P. Chrystal and Co., applied in person for an interim order for six months, and for leave to amend the schedule. The Commissioner granted an interim order for a month, with leave to amend the schedule.

BENGAL.

DEATHS IN CALCUTTA.—During the week ended the 14th of July, there were 176 deaths registered in Calcutta, giving a death-rate of 21·1 per thousand per annum. In the previous week there were 173 deaths, and the death-rate was 20·7 per thousand. There were no deaths from small-pox, 11 from cholera, 55 from fevers, 21 from tetanus, and 6 from causes not specified. The deaths are thus classified: 1 non-Asiatic, 8 mixed races, 119 Hindus, 46 Muhammadans, and 2 of other races. The Health Officer adds the following remark:—"General death-rate moderate, cholera average."

A SERVANT DECAMPING WITH HIS EMPLOYER'S MONEY.—On Saturday, a case was tried before Mr. Westmacott, Magistrate of Howrah, in which Mr. [illegible]ongland, an engineer in the Ganges Jute Mills, prosecuted a servant in his employ for stealing Rs. 400 under the following circumstance:—The accused being an old servant had the charge of his master's house, and on the 19th instant when the complainant had gone away to his work, the accused got the keys and opened one of the boxes in which he found Rs. 400 in currency notes of Rs. 10 each, which he took and then absconded. The complainant, on his return home, discovering the theft, communicated with the police, who succeeded that very evening in tracing the accused with the money in his possession to Shamnuggur, a station on the Eastern Bengal Railway. He was, on conviction, sentenced to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment.—*Indian Daily News.*

LOOTING A GOLDSMITH'S SHOP.—A daring robbery was committed last Wednesday night in the shop of a goldsmith in Circular-road. The shopkeeper, after locking up his shop, went away to his house. At an advanced hour of the night an Ooriya tried to open the lock, and entered the shop. Fortunately all the more valuable articles were deposited in an iron safe, which the thief did not succeed in breaking open, but finding an old box in the shop he burst that open and carried away the contents. Later on he was met by a policeman in Bow Bazaar-road, who enquired what he had with him. The man was arrested on suspicion, and, on making enquiries, the police traced the shopkeeper, who identified the property as belonging to him. On Saturday morning, the Ooriya was placed on trial before the Officiating Chief Presidency Magistrate, and pleaded guilty, adding that distress and want had tempted him. He was sentenced to undergo nine months' rigorous imprisonment.—*Ibid.*

MADRAS.

A RUNAWAY.—It will be in the recollection of our readers, that a short time ago, a lad named Wilkins was sent by his father to cash a cheque, and was not heard of for some time. Information was given to the police, who traced him to Bombay and brought him back to Madras. Wilkins, on his return, went to school as usual, succeeded by glowing accounts of Bombay in winning over a school-mate, named Wolfe, with whom he decamped on Saturday last. Application has been made to the police for their apprehension.—*Madras Mail.*

FISHING WITH DYNAMITE.—A correspondent of the *Madras Times*, writing from Coimbatore, asks:—"Are our local authorities aware of the number of irresponsible individuals who are in possession of dynamite, detonators, fuses, &c., and of the use to which these are put for the destruction of fish? The enlightened natives up here, who wage war on the finny tribe, are above employing the old-fashioned method of securing their prey by the use of hook and line, or the less legitimate net. No artful combinations of fly and gnats, no cunning hints from Izaak Walton or the 'Rod in India' do they condescend to. In this enlightened nineteenth century they know a trick worth two of that. A charge of dynamite, a detonator and a fuse some six inches in length comprise all their fishing gear. The detonator is fixed on the fuse, and both imbedded in the soft soapy substance which composes the dynamite cartridge, and the operator igniting the fuse, simply throws it into the water. The effect is instantaneous, and within a radius of twenty feet all the fish are blown up to the surface of the water, and the ingenious fisherman secures a rich harvest. This practice is the more difficult to detect from the fact that, when exploded in water, the dynamite gives forth scarcely any sound. Now, I do not care to play the *rôle* of amateur detective, but, in the interests of pisciculture I make this revelation, and I have no doubt that our able Police Superintendent, Mr. Shortt, will accept the 'wrinkle,' and, with his usual ability, put a stop to this nefarious practice."

N.-W. PROVINCES, PUNJAUB, AND OUDH.

OBITUARY.—The sad news has reached Allahabad of the death of one of its oldest inhabitants in the person of Mr. P. Parkinson, Chief Station Master here of the East Indian Railway. He died whilst on his way to Tasmania on sick leave. His health, which had failed him more or less for a long period, was undermined by the arduous nature of the duties of his extensive charge. Zealous and indefatigable in office, he was a singularly retiring and amiable man, and it is sober truth to say that while he was universally respected, his loss will be felt not only by his many personal friends, and by the Company which for more than twenty years he served so well, but by the still larger circle of those who, from the nature of his position, were brought into frequent communication with him. Mr. Parkinson leaves a widow and five children in Tasmania—not, we fear, too well provided for.—*Pioneer.*

POLO IN ENGLAND.

A CONTEST for the Military Cup was recently held at Hurlingham. The competing teams were the 5th Dragoon Guards, the 4th, 7th, and 11th Hussars, the 5th Lancers, and the Royal Gloucestershire Hussars. The tournament commenced on the 20th June, and the first game was between the 7th Hussars and the 5th Dragoon Guards, the 7th Hussars winning by four goals to one. The next game was played between the 5th Lancers and the 11th Hussars, and the Lancers won by one goal to love. The 4th Hussars played the Gloucestershire Hussars next, and the 4th had an easy conquest by six to love. The 7th Hussars then played the 5th Lancers. The game is described as a most exciting one, and at its conclusion stood in favour of the Hussars by four goals to three. The final game between the 4th and 7th Hussars was a most interesting one. The 4th Hussars team has been having the best of nearly all the games they have played in recently at Hurlingham, and now they were pitted against the 7th. They made a most desperate resistance. The 7th, however, were too strong for them, and after some magnificent play on their part, the game concluded in favour of the 7th by six goals to one, and they were thus the winners of the cup, which is valued at 50 guineas, and is described as a most magnificent trophy. The sides of the 4th and 7th Hussars were as follows:—

4th Hussars.—Captain C. W. Peters, Mr. F. Blacker, Mr. R. Kincaid-Smith, and Mr. G. R. Cunninghame.

7th Hussars.—Major Hunt, Captain Roper, Hon'ble R. T. Lawley, and Mr. T. Howe.

THE reason why so many are unable to take Cocoa is, that the varieties commonly sold are mixed with starch, under the plea of rendering them soluble; while really making them *thick, heavy indigestible.* This may be easily detected; *for if Cocoa thickens in the cup, it proves the addition of starch.* Cadbury's Cocoa Essence is genuine; it is therefore three times the strength of these Cocoas, and is refreshing beverage like tea or coffee.

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Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion, renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and, in all cases, calmly and serenely protract the close of life. For females of all ages, as also for delicate children who cannot take cod-liver oil, the Guttæ Vitæ will be found a great boon—being far superior in its strengthening properties, and at the same time so pleasant to the palate that it can hardly be called a medicine. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable; giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity for exertion. Price, 11s. and 33s. per bottle. The large size contains sufficient for four weeks.

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